Minderer Punite

AND

PARDONED

OR

A True Relation of the Wicked Life, the Shameful happy death of These Leverge, Impelicanted, justly Condensed and twice Executed at Reseliff, for his lands.

Fact in Killing his Fellow-Servance

By us who were often with him to the cime of his Imprisonment in November, and et his Imprison

ell ettelnis aniexed i Samon Paris



Lood duth ory aloud , the blood of man, when violently fined by cruel bands for private revenge or coveren fuels , or the fatisfaction of fome fuch bafe luft doth cry as far as from Earth to Heaven for venreance; And however some borrible Murders may be Jecretty plotted, and as fecretly effetted, yet feldom are they long unpunished, even in this world : for besides that fometimes the quilty-accusing consciences of Inch perfor who have committed this hainous crime do fo info paraly lash and torment them that they can find no toff untill they have made discovery of the fall with their own mouth; there is the all-feeing eye of a Sin-nevensing God which doth find them, and a strange hand of bu Providence which doth often follow them and entengle them in their fleps (when they are flying and feeking fome biding place) which doth as it were bind them before they are in Chains, and deliver them before they are aware into the bands of Justice to be punished.

But there is another Blood which doth fend forth a londer cry, namely, the Blood of the Lord fefus Christ. which was shed for the fins of men, which speaketh better things than the blood of Abel, crying for mercy and forgiveness; This Blood bath such prevalency and vertue, that when it is applied by Faith unto the most notorious Malefattor quilty of Blood as well as aches wickedness, it does ontery and drown the voice of blood and every other fin , and walketh the most impure foul dyed in Sin unto a Scarlet & Crimfon bue. This Blend we hope was frinkled upon the Conscience of this Mine derer, who had a liele before, embrued his bands in the blood of his Fellow-fervant : for having given fue evidences of his fincere repentance, and true faith Several of us Ministers and other Christians that with thim before and as his Execution; we hope he were mally equilled with the first death

of man for his Crime, that through infinite free Grace and Christs blood, he hath escaped the second death and wrath of God in Hell. The Narrative may give the same satisfaction to others which we the Publishers beroof, have received; which is as followeth.

T'Homas Savage born in the Parish of Giles's in I the Feilds, was put out Apprentice to Mr. Collins Vintner, at the Ship-Tavern in Ratcliff, where he lived about the space of one year and three quarters, in which time he manifested himfelf to all that knew him, to be a meer Monfter in Sin; in all that time he never once knew what it was to hear one whole Sermon, but used to go in at one Dore and out at the other, and accounted them fools that could spare so much time from fin as two or three hours on a Lords-day to fpend in the Lords Service: He spent the Sabbath commonly at the Alc-house, or rather at a Base house with that vile Strumper Hannah Blay, which was the cause of his ruine; he was by a young man (now gone to Sea) first enticed to go drink there, and after that he went alone, and now and then used to bring hera Bettle or two of Wine, which fatisfied not her wicked defires, but the told him, if he would frequent her boule, he must bring money with him; he told her often he could bring none but his Mafters, and he never wonged his Mafter of two pence in his life; fill the enriged him to takese prevately; he replyed, he could it a do it, because the Maid was alwayes at home within ; Hang her Jade, faith this impuesent Sur, smock her brains out, and I will receive them the many times faid, and that day that mirred the Murder be was with her in the

and the made him drunk with barnt Brandy, and he wanted one Groat to pay of his Reckoning; the then again per waded him to knock the Maid on the head, and the would receive the money the going home, between twelve and one of the clock, his Master standing at the Street dore, did not dare to go in that way, but climbeth over a back dore, and cometh into the Room where his Fellow-Servants were at Dinner, O faith the Maid to him, Sirrah, you have been now at this Baudy house, you will never leave till you are undone by them; he was much vexed at her, and while he was at Dinner the Devil entred fo firong into him, that nothing would fatisfie but he must kill her, and no other way but with the hammer; to which end, when his Maffer was gone with all the reft of the Family to Church, leaving only the maid and this Boy at home, he goeth into the Bar, fetcheth the hammer, and taketh the Bellows in his hand, and fitteth down by the Fire, and there knocketh the Bellows with the hammer, the Maid fairle to him, fure the Boy is mad, Sirrah, what do you make this noise for? he faid nothing but went from the Chair and lay along in the Kitchen window, and knocked with the bammer there, and on a fudden threw the hammer with fuch force at the Maid, that hitting her on the head, the fell down preferrly, fereeching out; then he taketh up the her three times, and did not dare to little more, at last the Divel was so great with. the taketh the hammer and ftriketh her hin with all the force be could, and even mat he had got the victory over her; he immediately taketh the hammer the Cupboard dote in his

fently flew open, and thence he taketh out a Bag of Money, and putting it upon his arm under his Cloak, he went out at a back dore strait way to this base house again, when he came thither, the Slut would fain have feen what he had under his Cloak, and knowing what he had done would very fain have had the Money; he gave her half a Crown and away he went without any remorfe for what he had done; going over a stile, he fat down to rest himself, and then began to think with himfelf. Lord what have I done! and he would have given ten thousand worlds he could have recalled the blow; after this he was in so much horror that he went not one flep but he thought every one he met came to take him, he got that night to Greenmich and lay there, telling the peoole of the house that he was to go down to Gravefood, that night he role and walked about and knew not what to do, Conscience so flew in his face. The Militels of the house perceiving the Dad to have Money and not scaled up, said, I with this Lad came by this Money honestly; the next morning he going away towards Woollidge, the Wiffress of the house could not be farisfied, but sedt for him back, and told him, Sweet heart, I fear you came not by this money honeftly ves, indeed Miltrels (faith he) I did, for I am carrying of it down to Graveford to my Master a Wine-Cooper, we live upon London Bridge, and I you pleafe to fend any one to my Millres I will have the Money with you; to there were famous o'e going to London, and he writ a Note to front to his Militiels, and he left the money with the Warran of the house, and went his way, wandring a word woodlidge, and there was in the Ship-yard. chird time name and to Gir

on his fellow-fervaor, and that a vas of was taken away; the Militels of the house forthwith concluded that fure it was the fame youth that was at her house, and that that was the money? whereupon the lent men out prefently to feek him, who found him in an Ale-house where he had called for one pot of Beer, and was laid down with his head on the Table, and taln affeep : one of the men calling him by his name, Tom, faith he, did not you live at Rateliff? he faid yes, and did not you Murcher your fellow-fervant? he conferfed it, and you took fo much money from your Master, he acknowledged all; then said they you must go along with us, he faid, yes with all my heart. So they went forthwith to Greenwich to the house where he lay that night, where when he came he met his Mafter with some friends, and when his Mafter fpake to him of it, he was not much affected at firth, but after a little while bunft our into many rears; thence he was conveyed to the Justice at Rateliff, where he fully confessed the Fact again, and by him was committed close Butfoner in the Goal of Newgate, where Mr. H. B. (who after forme acquaintance with him, had the preceding Narrative from his own mouth) to fee and fpeak with him, and he feemed by little (enfible of what he had done, are you the he) the section that committed the Muscher upor the Maid at Rateliff? he laid, yes; O what then was of your condition? what think you will be and of your precious foul & you have by this fi not only brought your Body to the Grave, be vour Soul to Hell; without infinite mercy: wer you not troubled for the fact when you did it? now for the present Sir, said her but soon after I w

Sir, for it cuis me to the heart to think that I hould take away the life of a poor innocent Creature, and that is not all, but for any thing know, I have fent her foul to hell. O how can I think to appear before Gods Bar! when the shall stand before me and fay, Lotd this wretch took away my life and gave me not the least space that I might turn to theel he gave me no warning at all Lord! O then what will become of me!

Soon after the Imprisonment of this Thomas Saenge in Newgate, upon the defire of one of his friends, Mr. R. F. and T. V. went to him in the Prison, and had liberry, with much readiness, from the Keepers, to discourse with him; They asked him, if he were the person that had Murchered the Maid, he answered that he was; they did then open to him the hainous nature of that fin, endeaouring to let it home upon his Conscience, telug him of the express Law of God, Thou halt not Mand the express threatning, That who foever fredth mans blood, by man hall his blood be shed. They ke to him of the Law of the Land, and the puiment of Death which would certainly be ined upon him, that he had but a few Weeks tero live, and then he would be Tryed, and odemned, and Executed; but they told him the punishment of remporal death was burn Tincomparison with the punishment of erecdeath in Hell, which he had deferved and was oled unto. They told him, that so soon as in and make a separation between his Sout edy, that his Soul must immediately appear b. fore 2

clore the dreadty Tribunal of the St God, and there receive its final doom, and be no versibly sentenced to departifrom the presence of the Lord, into everlatting fire, if he were found under the guilt of this or any other fin. They asked him is he knew what Hell was? telling him what a fearful thing it would be for him to fall into the hands of the living God, how intollerable the immediate impressions of Gods wrath would be upon his Soul! what horrour and anguish he would there be filled withal I and how he would be bound up in Chains of darkness until the judgment of the great day ! and then told him of the Glorious Appearance of the Lord Jesus Christ to Judgment, that Soul and body should be then joyned together, and condemned together, and punished together with such exquisite torments as never entred into the heart of man to conceive ! declaring the extremity and the eternity of the Torments of Hell, which were the just demerit of his fins. Then they asked him, whether he had any hopes of escaping this dreadful punishment of help He answered that he had: They enquired into the grounds of his hopes, He told them that he repented of his fault, and hoped God would have mercy on his Soul. They asked him whether he thought his Repentance would procure for him Pardon? He knew no other way. They told him that God was just, and his justice must be fatisfyed, and there was no way for him to do it. but by undergoing the eternal torments of Hell. and did he know no way of fatisfying Gods Juflice besides, and pacifying his anger that was kindled againft him? No, he knew not any; and yet did he hope to be faved? he answered, ves They enquired whether ever he had experience of

Resident mines elected no give no account, and yet hoped to be faved Yes. They told him, his hopes were unfound, hat ving no good foundation, and he would find himfelf disappointed; that it was not his repentance his tears, and prayers (though he ought to tife them as means) that would fave him, If he fixed the Auchor of his hope upon them. That if he hoped to be laved in the condition which for the prefent he was in, he would certainly be damned. That he must cast away all those groundlesshopes he had conceived, and endeavor to defpair in himfelf, that being pricked and pained at heart, through the apprehentions of the wrath of God teady to fall upon him & feeing no possibility of flying and escaping if he looked only to himself, he might cry our, what shall I do to be faved? and enquire after a Saviour; and then they fpake to him of the Lord Tefus Christ: and the way of Salvation by him, which before he was fortifully ignorant of, as if he had been brought up in a Country of Infidels, and not of Christians. The words spoken to him by thefe two Ministers seemed to take little imoreflion upon him, whilf they were prefent; yes the they were gone, the Lord did begin to work he did acknowledge to Mr. 8, that two had been with him (he knew not their names) whole ords were like arrows thor into his hear; and colled with that he had those words in writing pecially one expression of T. V. That he would be be in his condition for ted thouland worlds. ld affect and to affright him that he faid, it made other Rand an end.

An account of a discourse betwint T. D. and F. S. about sourseen dayes after be was Prisoner in New-gate.

WHen I came in and faw him in Irons, I taid, were these Fetters for the sake of the Gospel they would be farr more precious than Chains of Gold, but see here the correct fru to of Sin, thou that shouldst all thy life time have been a faithful servant of God, hast neglected no time to feive the Devil.

I asked him, how old be was? he faid, 16 years old; I told him he was a young man, but an old finner; then I began to fer my felf to bring him to a fenfe of his fin , and of his miferable and loft estace and asked him whether he believed there was a God? heanfwered, yes; and doft thou bea lieve that this God is true, he faid, ves, and taking up the Bible, Jasked him, doll thou believed that this is the Word of God, he approved yes Then I told him, according to this Word, he was a damned wretch, and God had past a Sentenced death upon him; and told him plainly that he should not enter into the Kingdom of God , but be a Companion of Devils in a lake of Brimstone to all eternity; (meaning without repemance) conversion and faith in Christ.) Then I turned him to feveral Scriptures, and told him this was the Word by which he must be judged at the bar of God, and be damned or laved according as then he should be found to be, convened, or ano merted; The Scriptures were thefe. . Const.o. Know ye not that the amightenes foall not inherit the ng done of God? be not deceived: neither forninor Idolarers, nor Adulterers, nor effentihate, nor abusers of themselves with Mankind.

Let 10. nor Thieves, nor Coverous, nor Drunkards nor Revilers, nor Extortioners, shall inhe-

rit the Kingdom of God.

Another Scripture I read to him was Gal. 5, 192 now the works of the flesh are manifest, which are these, adultery, fornication, uncleanness, lasciviousness.v.20. Idolatry, witcherast, hatred, variance, emulations, wrath, strike, seditions, herefies, v.21. Envyings, murders, drunkenness, revellings, and such like, of the which I tell you before, as I have also told you in time past, that they which do such things shall not inherit the Kingdom of God.

The next Scripture to the same purpose was; Rev, 21.8. But the searful and unbeliving and the abominable, and murderers, and whoremongers, and sorcerers, and idolaters, and all liars, shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimston: which is the second death.

I told him these were the words, of the holy. true and infallible God: this was the sentence which God had passed upon him, as the defert of those abominable Sins, which he was guilty of for these Scriptures pointed at several of the sins which he confessed he had lived in, and had committed, as drunkenness, lyng, uncleanness and murder. I cryed, you contess your felf guilty of these fins, and that God threatneth you with eternal death, with everlasting torments, and exclusion from his presence and Kingdom, not only Gods justice, but Gods truth also, stood betwixt him and eternal happiness, and told him, that I spake it with reverence, that the holy God must be a lyar, or else he dying in the guilt of thele fins must be dreamly and crimally damned.

I asked him, what do you think? how will you escape the damnation of hell, and the great wrath that is to come? you have heard what God saith, what do you say? what course will you take, and what means will you use, that you may not according to Gods threatning be cast among Devils into eternal devouring slames? to this, at present he made no reply, but did often shake his head, and lifted up his eyes towards beaven.

Next I endevoused to bring him to a fight and fense of the corruption of his nature, and of the finfulness of his heart; and told him all those fins were in his heart, before they were adually committed; and turned him to the faying of Christ, Mat. 15. 19. for out of the heart proceed evil thoughts, Murders, Adulteries, Fornictions, Theirs. False-witnesses, Blasphemies, and told him that in his repentance for those fins he must not only lay to heart and be grieved for the outward acts, but lament and bewail the inward principle of corruption, whereby he was fo strongly inclined to fuch horrid abominations, according to the example of David after his fins of Adultery and Murder in his confession, did follow them up to the rife and original from whence they did foring, Plal. 51. 5. Behold I was hapen in iniquity. and in fin did my mother conceive me. By this time I perceived some workings of heart within him; and that he was in some measure lensible of his lost estate, and by his deportment and carriage, to be call down , not knowing what to do I was unwilling to leave him without some grounds of hope that it may be, he might be faved; that there was a possibility that he might obtain pardoning mercy, and be delivered from that great damnagion the was due to him for his great it nigre-

flions. I began to open to him, the readiness of Christ, the fullness and fosficiency of Christ to lave the greatest Sinners, and that God (I hoped in mercy to his foul) had fent me ope of his Embaffa. dours to offer him a pardon, and eternal life, if he were but willing to accept of Christupon the terms of the Gospel, for his Lord and Saviour. and did encourage and affure him upon repenrance and faith in Christ, there was mercy yet for him, though a Murderer, from these Scriptures, Ma. 1.18. Come now & let us reason together, faith the Lord, though your Sins be as Scarlet, they hall be as white as from, and though they be red as Crimfon, they (hall be as wood. As I opened to him the great merev of God in Christ towards Sinners, died in grain, that were Sinners of a Scarlet colour, that had committed hainous transgressions, he brake forth in Stears, and wep plentifully at the tidings of mercy and possibility that such a one as he might be faved. Belides, I turned him to some Scripture promifes, that God would certainly forgive his fins, and fave his foul if he could repent, and ger faith in Chrift, fuch as Prov. 28. 13. He that confeffe band firfaketh bis fin , shall find mercy , and Ila. 55.7. Let the wicked for fake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts : and let him return unto the Lord, and he will have mercy upon him, and to our God, for he will abundantly pardon. This Scripture he differently beeded, and turned it down in his Bible; and thefe two Scriptures, (the night before he fuffered) amongst others he alleadged as the grounds of his hope of mercy.

reat Sinners that had obtained mercy, tuened him to the example of Manafeb, 2 Chro. 33. to that of Many Magdalen, Luc. 7.37, 38. 18 contact

blood of Christ, that had murdered the Son of God; a greater Murther than which could not be committed; and yet upon Repentance and Faith, many of them were pardoned and saved. To that of Paul 1 Tim. 1. 13, 14, 15, 16. shewed him how God had set up Paul as a pattern of Free-Grace, towards great sinners, for the encouragement of such, that (though guilty of great sins) afterwards should believe. To all these he hearkened very carefully, and took notice of the places of Scripture for his Meditation after Hest him.

And last of all, I endeavoured to set before him Jesus Christ, as the only remedy and Saviour for his Soul, and shewed him the insufficiency of all his Duties, Prayers, and Tears, to get off the guilt of the least sin; that if he could shed a thousand tears of blood for any one vain thought, it would be no better than puddle water to justify, or to save him. Much discourse I had with him at this time, besides what is here inserted, and several other times when I went to visit him in Mengate, which I willingly omit, because this book should not swell to too great a bulk.

After all, I went to Prayer with him; in which Duty he was much diffolved into teats; he feemed to me, and his faithful triend that was most with him above all others, to be very earnest in Prayer, and with weeping eyes to beg for pardon and for converting grace, and Christobe his Saviour, which was much insisted on in the Prayer

that was made for him.

After which, advising him to consider of what. I faid, for that time I took my leave of him.

The next time, after this Discourse, that Mr.
Baker came to him, he enquired how it was with
him,

him; he faid, what T. D. had faid did very much startle him, that he knew not what to reply, and cryed out very much of the hamourness of his fine. that he should commit that horrid sin of Murder and knew not what to do: for that left a deep imprefina upon his heart, that God must be a lyar. or else he (in that condition of impenitency) must be damned: yet he laid hold upon that promise! that was unfolded to him, That if a finner turn from bis wicked wayes, God would abundantly Pardon: and afterwards read on the verse that followed, Isa. 5 s. 8. For my thoughts are not your thoughts, neither are your wayes my wayes faith the Lord: Upon which confidering, faid, Men cry out for death and vengeance, no mercy to be had from men, but Gods thoughts to a repenting finner were life, for he delighteth not in the death of a finner.

About four or five dayes after this, he was puzled about his performing of Duties, and refting only upon Christ for Salvation; for he was tempted, if he perform duties to rest upon them; or to let them alone, and leave them off, if he must rest only upon Christ; at which time H. B. comming to him, enquired how it was with him now? and how he hoped to be faved he answered by Repentance and Faith; and I could easily tell you, to fatisty you, that I do repent, and do believe, but truly to to do as I ought, I find it the bardeff thing in the world, I do believe; and I do not, I cannot tell how to believe that Christ dyed for singers, for as to throw my felf wholly and fully upon him, and to think my Tears and Prayers will do me no good.

But here, Reader, we must take notice of the unwearied diligence of the Devil, in using all means from time to time, to undo, ruine, and

wound the foul of this poor Malefactor, who would not forbear to follicite him to fin, after he was cast into Prison for former Iniquities he had committed; for we cannot but judge that the Devil was loath to loofe fuch a prey, as his Immortal foul, when he had brought him to the very mouth and gates of hell, to have him inarched out of his hands by the free grace of God the Devil did work the more (because he knew his time to tempt him was but short) to blemish and eclipse the gracious work of God upon his heart, and cloud the glory of Gods mercy in faving such a finner. He was by tome former acquaintance vifiting of him, (who hewed their Love to a deathdeferving finner, no other way than by calling for drink, and defiting him to drink with them.) overcome therewith, and after some former convictions of fin, and his loft estate, did twice relaple into the fin of drunkenels; whereby he caufed many to fear that, all this while he had no more than some common workings of the spirit; and pur us to a stand, that we knew not what would be the iffue of thele things; but yet not daring to omit endeavours (if possible) as instruments under God to fave his foul, we did after this, visit him again and again, and let forth unto him the greatness of his fin, that he should fin yet more against the Lord; and in his affliction and chains to provoke the Lord to greater wrath against his foul; with many words to that purpole.

After which his foul was wounded, his heart was pierced, he knew not what to do; he asked, may mercy be had for a backfliding finner? to which were given him fome Scriptures, where God called to backfliding finners to return, and B invited

invited them to repent, and promised mercy to them it they did oven after they had done as wickedly as they could: and this was much enlarged upon before him from Jer. 3, 1. to 15 verse. But God that had begun to awaken and to rouse his conscience, that he might see han up as a pattern of free grace, would not let the Devil go thus away with his foul, but brought him to a deep fense of his falling into fig, that he much lamented with many teats the fadness of his fate & the milery of his foul, faying, what will become of my foul ! my Immortal foul ! I cannot think what will become of my foul! I deferve hell ten thouland times over, and have I now but one grain of fand left in the glass to work for eternity! shall I negled God any longer? O I have neglected God too long already! Striking his hand upon his breft, and wringing his hands, and haking his head, and weeping abundantly, faid, Lord, what shall I do? O God what shall I do? Lord what will become of me? If God had deale justly with me, I had now been in hell, I had been dashed into hell when I murthered that poor innocent creature; I wonder that I am not now in hell that fuch a wretch as I, am not in hell: God hath been pleafed to manifelt more mercy to me in sparing of me, and offording me to long time for repentance, but I have neglested time, and relapted into drunkenness and vain talking time after time. I thought this place (meaning the hele in Newgate) a hell upon carthand did accountit a heaven to be among the other priloners; but now God hath tried me, whether fin will be bitter and difpleating to me or not, I lave this day being Lords day) been among the Priloners, and they asked me to play at Cards, but inflead of complying With

Withthem, Preproved them, and told them for my pate, Pffad profaned Sabbaths enough already, have but a little time to work for my foul, and I ought not to neglect time now, that they likewife (he told them) if they rightly confidered had fomething effecto do, and firiking his hand upon his breft, with much earnestness he cryed out with tears, Now, now, I find that God hath been at. work, that God hath been at work upon my foul, he hath, I am fure been at work, for now I fee fo much evil, and tafte such bitterness in fin, that I am not fo much troubled that I am to die nor fo much troubled that I am in danger of hell, as to think I hould to diffioner God, That I hould to offend so gracious and mercyful a God, and spurn against all his mercies. Oh my foul, my Immortal foul, I know not what will become of it to all eternity, it is the grief of my very foul that I have neglected time as I have done, now I fee fo much need of a Christ, and so much preciousness and excellency in Chrift; that if the greatest King in the world should come and throw his crown as my food and sell me I thould enjoy it, and all the glory of it for millions of years, and should have my liberty presently, and should fay, but it must be withour Christ, I would somer choose to die this moment; nay, to be racked to pieces by ten thouland deaths, or burn ten years together, fo I may have a Christ, I speak freely from my heart, to far as I know my heart, and now I find it is not only the Devils tempting me, hath brought me to this, but this curfed, wretched, de-villin heart of mine within. It is within me, fo that it was in me before it was committed by me. I deserved hell renchousand times over before I committed this horrid fin, well now I am refolwed I will pray as much as I can, and weep and wrestle with God, as if I were to have Heaven for it; but when I have done all, I will dery all, for my Prayers and teats cannot save me, and I will fully and wholly throw my self at the seet of Christ, and it I am damned, I will be damned there, and more he spake to this purpose in Mr. Bakers hearing.

About three dayes after, Mr. B. comming to him, asked him howit was with him; He rold hims bat the Devil was very bufy with him, and did folicite him grievonfly with his remptations, per wacing him to have thoughts of escaping thelethings (Lidlic) hindred my minding of God one part of the day, the other part of the day the Devil fills me with drowfinels, than I can neither pray nor read, nor perform any duty, nor mind any the that prayes will me; fometimes he tempts me to delay, selling me that it is time erough for meto think of Repentance when I am Couldenmed and char God is is merciful God ; and femerines becompied me to despair, telling me that it was impossible that to monstrous a finner and had been thoused be faved, but bleffed be God il aute made met o think that thefe were but the Devis temperiors, although I have been fadly burn ied with them for forme dayes; but that which didmost filme with terrors was the frequent fears of the Devils appearing perfonally to me, which bidd o exceedingly trouble me in Prayer, To that Ironid lay nothing when I kneeled down but was fain to let the Candle down before me, and du R not look one way not other, for fearl hould fee him ; and my thoughts have been to vait mamy times when you have been reading to me, that Thay frank beard's word of what you find.

A Discourse between H. B. and T. S. Prisoner in Newgate, after some Eriends went away a starnissied stearing be pad not a seple of the sin, or c.

H. B. asking him how it was with him? he replied, It was the grief of my Soul that I should be no more affected, I think I have the most rocky, flony heart in the World, if ever there was an heart of Iron, I have one, it is not fit to be called an heart. To have others come and pray with me, and instruct me, and see how they are affected with my condition, and yet I not at all affected with my own condition; Oh it is the grief of my foul to fee it lo! and yet affoon as Ministers and good people are gone, and I walk about and confider. Oh it melts me, and bleaketh my heart in pieces, to think I can mourn for fin, and grieve for fin no more, when Gods people are with me? because it causeth them to think that I am not lenfible of my fin, though bleffed be God, I am in fome measure sensible of the evil of my fins, and it is the grief of my foul to think how I have dilhanoured God, and abused his Mercy, and spirited against his Mercy and patience.

After this they both I pent formetime in Prayer, and H. B. asked him, how it was with him; now, he faid, I find so much I weetness in prayer, although I cannot find God loveth me, that to think I am not Curing and Swearing as others are, burbe confessing my sin, my very texts trickle down my Checks for jay; sometimes I find my heart so dead and dull indury, that I know not what to say in Prayer; at other times I find my heart so full, and so much they led in duty, that I could wish I might never tile nomination with second

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The night before the Seffrons, M.B. comming to him, asked him if it was not cerrible to him to think of appearing before the Bar of men? he anfwered, Methinks when I consider seriously of ic. what a light poor thing mans Bar is in comparison of Gods Bar, yer mans bar is enough to drunt one to hear them lay; Take him Jaylor, tie him up to but to appear before Gods Bar, who knoweth all the fins that ever I committed; he law all my secret fins, and for God to fay, Take him farlor, Take him Devil hut him up in the Dungeon of Hell: Oh!that is enough I believe to make the floatest heart in the world to tremble, for there is no recalling that fentence, and I believe there are many go out of this Prifon, as I law formerly three that went to be hanged, and they were almost drink, and did fing all the way they went, but Oh their note was foon changed; when they came to stand before Gods Bar.

The morning before he went to the Selfions, H. B. and the Prifoner spent some time in prayer, the Prifoner in his prayer did earnestly beg of God that he would keep him from those temptations he might be exposed unto by bad company; Alter this he was taken down to the Selfions house, but was not called because the Jury of Middlesex.

did not fit that day.

At night H. B. came to him again, and asking how it was with him, he answered; he found it no case thing to be a true Christian: I thought before I came to ptilon, that reading a Chapter now and them and saying the Lords prayer, and the Creed at night when I went to bed would have saved me, though many times I was alleep before I had half done; but now I find it to such easie thing to get to Licaven, nay I find it the states thing in the

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world, formy prayers, and tears, and duties, if I could tall upon my knees, and never rife off from them while I live, they would not fave me, for all this is but my duty, but I now know there is merit enough in the blood of Christ to lave me; and he did earneftlybeg of God in Praver that God would walk his foul in the blood of Christ, and blot out all his fins out of the book of his remembrance, and turn them behind his back; though I as earnestly beg they might be all spread before my face, that I might have a more himble and throughly broken heart for them; Lord, one drop of that blood is enough to wash away all my fins; and so after fome conference H. B. left him for that night. who heard from one that was with him that night, that he spent that time most in prayer and reading.

The second morning in the time of the Sessions Mr. Baker that was a careful friend for the good of his foul, went to the Seffions-House, where he found him well, and in good frame, and continued with him for the space of two or three hours that morning, after which time Mr. Baker was from him to hear the Trial of the person that was arraigned and afterward executed for the fire noon the houle burnt down in Mineing-Lane, for the space of half an hour or thereabour; in which time, in company of other Prisoners, he was much diflempered with some thing that he had drank amongst them, which did take from him his understanding that he was not his own man; we judge (that though this did cast a blemish upon the profollon that he had made after he came to Newgate) it was not a voluntary act, but some surprizal or design of the other upon him; partly became the quantity was fan lefte than what at other times he

A friend also heard Hannah the Strumper thaten-ofticed him to his former wickedness, say, others have made you drunk to day, but I will make you drunk to morrow: But aftewards he was afraid to drink in their company, but rather idented to take what was necessary for his refreshment.

The Prisoners were much against his accusing of that Harlot, and did much perswade him totake something to chear his spirits; and when A.D. was with him on Saurday before he dyed, the charged him with this sin, which had caused such a blot upon all the protession he had made, and what great cause he had to be humbled before God, and desired him to tell him as a dying man whether it was his voluntary all and delight in excessive drinking or no? and he did protess that he knew it was not the quantity that he had drank, which was not near so much as at other times he did use without distempering of himself.

How ever God was pleased to make him taste the bitterness of that cup in that he had given such occasion to sinners to speak evil of the ways of God, and beating his hands (being returned to himself) upon the stones cried out; Oh that I should affend God! And though he did much lament the scandal, yet he a waies said that he looked not upon it as a sin of drunkenness, but a circumvention; or to use his own words, that something was put into the

drink to diffemper his head.
On Saturday during the

On Saturday during the Schlons, he was Areraigned, and pleaded Guilty, confelling with many tears, and wringing his hands, that he did through the infligation of the Devil, and entirement of that wreiched creature (meaning his Harlot) what lee had committed that bloody fact, which was fuch

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an horrour to his conscience, that he would not do upgain forten thousand worlds; his carriage and confession was such, that he much moved the honourable Bench and Jury, and most of the beholders.

On Monday next, he received his sentence of death, after which time he was with the other condemned Prisoners, and did pray with them sour times a day, and read to them, and sung Psalms with them. After the excution of the rest, he had time given or procured him by the honourable. Sheriff of tanden for some dayes; which he improved to the great advantage of his soul.

On Friday night he utered these expressions in Company with H.B. being the day that the other Prisoners, were executed.

I find, faith he, fo much sweetness, and delight, and pleasure in Gous ways, and so much folly in the ways of fin, that if there were no heaven to reward, nor any hell to punish, I could not but love the ways of God, and the people of God; Oit is to sweet to be in company with them, praying and converting with them, over what is in hearing others Sweat and Curfe, that I account it as great a mercy as any almost, that I may be in their company; O me thinks it is a heaven to me to be with Gods Ministers and people, and prayer now is to sweet, that I grudge the time always when ham off from my knees, or go down to the Grate . New there is nothing in the world I prize like Chrift, one Christ above ten thousand worlds; now I do recent and I do believe through mercycle is the Lords work, but Fearneftly beg and

and pray for a more humble, and a more broken heart, and amore through fenfe of fin and a greaerer forrow for it, and beg that God would enable metocome to him, to believe in himy Lord faith he taich is thy work, repentance is the work, do thou enable ine to repent, nay, thou haft enabled me to repent, and I do from the very bottom of my heate Lord, as far as I know my ownheart: I repent that I should offend fo gracious, and so merciful a God as thou are, Lord and faith is thy work, Lord faith he, haft not thou faid no man can come to thee except the Father draw him. draw me O Lord, and I shall run to thee, enable me to believe Lord, and I fall believe a nav. I do believe Lord, that Jelus Christ his bloud was not thed in vain? Did Christ die for nothing Lord, did he not die to fave all repenting and believing finners, of whom I am chief.

On Saturday at night in Company with Mr. Baker, be

difcourfed rbus.

O my dear friend, taking me by the hand, come hither faith he, and opening the Coffin, look here is the thip faith he, in which I must lanch out into the Ocean of eternity: and is it not a terrible thing (faith he) to fee ones own Coffin and burying cleaths, when at the fame time I am as well as you, do you think it would no dank you; and to go to the Gallows to have the haher, and to die there, were this for the fake of the Gofpel I mould not care, were it ten hundred times a worle death, but to fuffer this curfed death for fuch horrid fins O this is fad! why faid I, you have a greater mercy in fome respect than those that die in their beds, forthey are full of fickness and pain, and cannot fo well m wdreperhance as you who are well and have vnoching olde to mind (Ah Sir,

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faiobhearlioir fins are dot a fan lefs siarure than - mine and for they do not need formuch resentance assumeday my dying for fuch borrid fins makes thy presentance to be formuch the more hardrow O faith hey dobelieve in it is a bad worktottie, I could carry it out as bravely as tamy (do you think I could not?) But to confider that as I die, and am fentenced from Gods Barso I mult be for ever, immediately either be everlaftingly happy, of everlattingly miferable: Toconfider this, would make affour heart to fremble ; those poor creatures that were here the other night, (meaning the other condemned Prisoners) they know now what it is to be in an eternal flate, and if they are gone to hell, O Lord, how milerably are they disappointed, who hoped for to have gone to heaven and are fent from the Bar to endless burning a Lord, what a mercy is in that I have a little time longer left, let it be improved to thy glory, and let my foul-live, and I shall praifetheed bas saided basis are

The last Lords day he lived, he defired to be a lode; and spent it in wrestling with God by prayer, and in other duties in order to his preparation for his great change by death; that then he expected the next day, in which duties he found to much of God, that he had some fore tasts of the joys of heaven; and when we asked him what of God he had sound that day, he replyed; that he had such pleasure and delight in mourning for sin, and praying unto God, that he was loth to come off from his knees; at night there were some Ministers that sate up with him, and spent that night in prayer with him and for him, and in conference; on Monday morning came T. D. to him before day (chinking it was his last day if or

an order was fent on Feiday for his execution on Monday) and faid to him, Thomas how is lowith you now, your last day begins to dawn the builde bleffed be God I am not afraid to die, became I hope I hali go to Jefus Chrift after fomenime in prayer for him, we defired him to spend sometime in that duty, which he performed with fo much affection, and earnest pleading with God, that all the company were exceedingly melted, and their hearts beyond ordinary measure warmed and raised, that the room did ring with fight and groans; and there was fuch a mighty prefence of the spirit poured out upon him, and onthose that joyned with him, that we do not remember the rime, whenever we had experience of the like; in which prayer, after the confession of his fins, he begged earnestly for pirdon, and for an interest in Christ, faying, O Lord, wile thou let me die without a Christ ! shall I leave this world before thou smilest upon my soul? thou hast promised pardon, and mercy, and salvation to those that do repent, and to those that do believe, Lord I do repent, I do believe if I know my own heart I do repent; I do believe, Lord I roll my felf upon thy Son, I cast my felf at his foot for mercy; thou wouldest be just if thou dost damn me, but thou haft pardoned others, and it . will be to the praise of thy free-grace to pardon me; Lord, hall those prayers that have been made, and all those tears that have been shod for me, and all those instructions which have been gre wen me, he all in wain a wich many other of prefligas in that prayers which wonderfully a lected the hearts of shofe that were with him! that alterwardsome looked upon one aborder wooding with: Discool God rowards hims that

one to wicked all his days to young (being red years old) for lately acquainted with the ways of Ood; thould have fuched spirit of prayer poured out upon him tafter this he prayed with more life and tervency than before) and the neater he came to his end; the more we perceived God was ribening him for glory.

After this we took our leave of him, not knowing but that was the last day; for the Cart stood
below, and the Coffin terched down, and some of
the honourable Sheriffs of London's men, came into the prilon; but the Sheriff of Middleson having not notice to be ready, his execution was de-

terred till Wednesday following

Reader here take notice, that the report that the reason why he was not executed on Monday, was because he was drunk, is an abominable fallhood, for to our knowledge, that were with him, he did not eat not drink that morning. When we went up to him again, we told him we perceived he was not to die that day, giving him caution, not to think there was any pardon intended for him; and one came from the Sheriff to acquaint him with the reason of the delay of his execution.

When his Coffin was carryed up to him again, one asked what he thought, and what were the workings of his heart, when he law his Online brought back, he faid, he was much troubled, and it daunted him to fee it; for he could willingly have dyed that day to go to Christ. On Matthay in the afternoon he had an excellive pain in his Torch (as we judge occasioned by his leaving off his clouths, and putting on tome thim appared to die it;) and that evening he expressed great willingness to die and leave this world, he faid, lifee authord to much excellency in Christ, that he is to

On Tuesday, the day before he dyed, after some timespent in prayer both by him and H. B. being sull of joy, he expressed himself thus, O my dear triend, what a welcome shall I give you when you come to heaven; and say to you, come, see, come, see, this is the glory that you rold me or, but all that you ever told me, was nothing to what I have found, O what a place is this! O how shall we love one another then! sure it cannot be, but heaven must be a glorious place, where God;

and Christ, and Angels be.

The night before he dyed a Minister came to Thomas Savage, and after other ferious discourses for farisfaction of a Christian friend that had feen himbefore, he demanded of him what were now the grounds of his hopes of falvation? He made this reply, God both in infinite mercy made me deeply sensible of great fins, and not only of them, but of the vilenels of my heart and nature, and God hath made me to abhor my felf for my firt, and I hope truely to repent of them, for that which hath been the delight of my foul, is now as bad as Hell; and God hath given me to fee that all my own Prayers and tears, and all the prayers of all the good people that come to me are not able to fave : A Christ alone; I throw my felf ar the feer of Christ for mercy, and it I periffe, I will perith there. I feel longings and breathings after Christ, and leve him more than my life; I long to

be with him, and I would not be to live any longer; this world is a little Hell because of find, I fear not death, for I hope the sting of it is taken out for me.

This laft night before his death, he defired us to fit up with him, in order to his better preparation for the great work he had to do the next day, that we might wrestle with God on his behalf, that when death approached to near unto him he might have lome mearer accesses of God into his foul, that when pale death flared him in the face. he might fee Gods fmiling countenance; which opportunity we readily embraced, and fpent the former part of the night in prayer, till two of the clock in the morning; about which time he defired us to go down into the Lodge, that he might have forme part of the night for prayer and media tation alone, and to discourse a while with his friend Mr. Bakersto whom he most of all did open his very heart, and lpake more freely to than to any other; (whom for that reason we left with him) and when we were gone down, his friend being with him, who told us afterwards, he fell into admiration, and faid, What a prodigy am ? What a wonder of mercy that God hould incline the hearts of his Ministers to come and pray with me and pour out their touls in prayer thus for me? For me a Murtherer: for me a Drunkard; for me fo vile and finful? Well, I cannot but love God and though I go to Hell, yet I will love God for his goodgels and gracioulnels to me already manitelied in this world; year though I should be damned for my fin, yet I could and would love God. What would they venture to come and pray with me a Murtherer ? How did they know but I might have murthered form of them? Pray for

for me! wreftle for me! well, I know God loves me; I am fure God loves me.

When he was in prayer some of us heard him say; Now Lord I am coming to thee, thou are mine, and Christ is mine, and what need I be a-fraid of Death? Lord give me some sense, and some sign of thy Love, that when my soul shall be separated from my body, it might be received into glory.

Afterwards when he looked upon his cloaths he had put on to dye in faid, What! have I got on my dving cloaths? dying cloaths did I fay? they are my living cloaths, the cloaths out of which I shall go into eternal glory, they are the best

cloaths that ever I pur on.

About four of the clock in the morning we went up to him again, full of expectations what the would fay to us, and what we should hear from him, and T.D. stood behind him and took his expressions as he spoke them, from his own mouth; and first he told us, I account it a great mercy that God hath shewed me the evil of fin, before he cast me into Hell, sin hath not only brought my body to the grave, but my soul in danger of everlasting burnings:

The Lord will have mercy on me I hope; I am filled with joy, I am no more afraid to dye, than to fland in this place, the Lord make me thankful. The Lord hath been working on my foul; for it was not I that could pray, not retrain from company I not delight in any thing that is good; I have cause to bless God that ever I was taken (and this we have heard him bleen (ay) for if I hade-feared than gone on in my fin, and might have toff my foul for over.

One asked throwhich he thought was worfe.

heil ordin? using some gesture of body, said, hell is very dreadful, but sin is worse than hell, because his brings mens souls to hell, and fin is that which offeederh God.

One asked him, what he thought of heaven? with a finding countenance faid, heaven! it cannot be, but heaven must be an excellent place, for it is an holy place. We spake to him concerning his Cossin, that was by him, whether it did not trouble, and amaze him to have it in his sight; he replyed, with all my soul I could go into my Cossin; oh it is a comfortable place. (He spake it with joy) I can comfortably die. I have found such a deal of joy and comfort, that I

would no for a world have been without it.

We enquired, whether death did not afright him, morning Light will presently appear, he answered, death indeed did crouble me, but now not at all. I long for day, I am not danted at death. Die! It is nothing : this Life is nothing : but to die eternally, and to look God, and Christ, and Heaven, that is death. Hell corments is not fo much, asto be thut from the presence of God. Alas! who would not. die this death to go to Jesus Christ? when my body is upon the Gibber, my foul shall be carryed by Angels into heaven. My heart is so drawn our after God, that I could leave this world to be with him. This world is nothing, those that have the pleasures of it, they have nothing. I defire to die because I long to be with Chrift, there I shall never in more there is no fin, but joy, where I shall fing Hallelujahs & praise to God. We asked what he thought of the company of Gods people, for he now had had experience of company good and bad. He faid, I had rather be here (meaning the hole in Newgare) with bread and water with fuch company, than to have the company of wicked persons, with the greatest dainties. It was wicked

nicked company that drew me away. I account it the greatest mercy, to have the prayers of Gods people for me, had I had my deferts, I had been now in helf, where I should have had no prayers, newinfirms Stions; God doth love me, for he hard inclined the hearts of his people and Ministers to pray for mound their prayers have prevailed a danded and benatore

Being asked, what promifes he found to be his fupport against the guilt of fin, now he was to die, he alledged thele, repeating the words himfelf, wholoever will let him come and drink of the waters of Life freely, and he that confesieth and forfaketh bis fin fhall find mercy; and let the wicked forfake his way, & the unrighteous man his thoughts, and det him return unto the Lord, and he will have mercy on him, and to our God, for he will abundantly pardon; This word (abundantly pardon) did often refresh his foul : I have finned abundantly , but God will pardon abundantly. After their, he mentioned another, viz. This is a faithful faying and warthy of all acceptation, (that felm Christ cameso fave sinners of whome I am chief: and faid I do rely and chrow my felf upon Jefus Chrift, I do believe there is ment enough in him, and all-fufficiency in him to fave meg the is nothing that I can do, will fave me.

He complained, that it was the grief of his font, that he could love God no more, and love Christino more for his mercy towards him, in giving him for much time, and to many helps, in fending to many Ministers coinftruct him, but added whom several Mimiffers had been with me, I threw off all, and returned to fin, & did as vainly as any I could not have repented, and believed of my self it is the work of God.

He often faid, I fear not death, it was nothing with him to die and to go to Chrift, He often faid, that be had rether dig imediately beving an interestin Christ,

chan-

than to live a chousand years in this world, in the end joymene of all the pleasures of it, without Christ.

And, that he had found more pleasures and delight inches ways of God since he came into Prison, than

ever be found in affiche ways of fin-

profaned the Sabbath, & faid this was the beginning of all his wickedness, that on the Sabbath morning, he fludyed what company to go into, in what place of fin he might spendthe Sabbath, then to wicked Society, then to Alehouses, then to Brothel houses, then to murder, then to these, then to Newgate, and yet at last, he hoped, to heaven.

He lamented, saying, I have striven to dishonour God, and to run into sin; Oh that I should spend so much time in serving of the Devil, and now have but little moment of time to spend in the service of God,

and to the glory of God.

This discourse being ended, we defired him now on his last morning before he went into eternity to pray with us, and he willingly consented, and his prayer was as followers, being taken from his mouth by Thomas Dochtest, that also took in writing his preceding discourse; Verbatim.

The Prayer of Thomas Savage in Newgate, with those that face

up with him all the night before his Execution.

Most mereiful and ever blessed Lord God, I befeech thee O Lord look down upon me, with an eye
of puy if it be thy blessed will, it is thy infinite mercy
that I am on this side the grave, and out of hell: O Lord I
bave deserved to be cast into torments to all eternity.
How have I offended thee, and run on in sin, and hought
I could never do enough to abuse thy mercy! pardon
the firsthat I have committed, was here blond from
off my soul, let not my soul perish to eternity. It was
an horest prime to shad a moven that a fardon the

fin, O Lord, let the blond of Obrist ery more for mercy, than the bloud of that creature cry for vengeince. Lord, thou half been merciful to me in giving me time to repent, for ought I know her foul is undone for ever Lord forgive me, Lord forgive me, I knew not what I did. Forgive my Sabbath breaking lying, carfing, forgive my drunkenness, blot them out of the book of remembrance turn them away behind thee. Lord I have repented of them from my fout, that ever I thould offend God, fo good, and somerciful and gracious, I do believe on thee, and do a body throw my felf upon thee. I acknowledge it would be jaft in thee to damn my foul, but it will be infinite mercy in thee to fave me and what free grace will it be in thee to pardon me ! it is dreadful to toofe the body, but how dreadful will it be to loofe the foulto all eternity! Lord let it not be in vain that I have had fo many infructions, O let me not go down to hell let my foul bless and praise thy name for ever for what thou haft done for me, thou halt been at work upon my heart, and thou halt helped me to repeat the Lord be praised. Lord I defire to be more and more bumbled under the fense of my fins, for they are dreadful; there are many fouls that have not committed thole firsthat a e now in hell. O what mercy is it that I am not in those flames, in those devouring flames! Lord as thou haft [pared me here, [pare me to eter n'ty. I.st not my foul perish, Lard neveal thy felf with me. ma . Imoun thy love unto me, tell me my fins are pardothat I have an interest in Chil before ne feen us more that I miggint drawe forme

in pieces, thefe fins of Murder and Drunkennels, &c. were in my heart before, I thought no eyo did fee me commit those fins, but thou didit fee me, Lord turn my beart to thee, and take away this beart of flone, and take away this curfed nature, for it was this curfed nature that brought me to the fe fins, and to this twa, and I mas in danger of losing my fout to all eternity, but Lord though I am a great finner, Christ is a great Saviour, be is able to fave me from my Sins, though they be nee ver fo great, I do believe Lord, I freak freely from my heart, fo far as I know my beart I do believe, Is is my grief I can forrow no more for my Sins, which have been the cause of my offending thee so long and so much. One drop of thy blood sprinkled upon my foul will pardon all my Sins, Lord cross the black line of my Sins with the red line of thy blood: I am not able to answer for one vain thought, much less for all my borrid crimes, Lord fave my immortal foul that I might fing praise to thee to all eternity, Thou hast pardoned Manasich that was a great sinner and Mary Magdalen and Paul, that were great sinners, and the Thief upon the Grois, and thy mercies are as great, thy mercy and thy love to repenting Sinners is not fhortned, though my fins be great, get thy mercies are greater than my Sins; Lord be with me in my death, then let me have some comfortable as arance of aby love unto my Soul, of the parden of my Sin, do thou be my God and my Guide now, and to all eternity. Amen.

This prayer he put up with much earnestness, with great brokenness of heart for sin, that all that joyned with him, were exceedingly affected, and blessed God for the spirit of prayer, they discerned God had so plentifully poured out upon him.

After we had some other discourse with him, we took our leave of him, relling him we purposed to

feehimagain at the place of Execution. After two or three hours when the time of his going from New gate drew near, we were willing to return to fee him once more there, and the rather because one Minister that had not yet been with him, was defire us to visit him; and then again after some few words with him, we asked him to go to Prayer again, once more, saying now, this will be the last time, that we shall pray with you in this place. And he did perform this duty with great livelines, that now he excelled himself, and the nearer he came to his end, the more servently, we perceived he prayed; but we took notice, that in this last dury in Newgate he was much in praising God, and blessing God for his mercy, to him, to our great associations.

After a few words, when this duty was over, we took some of us our final farewel of him; and he, expressing his thanks to Gods people for their Prayers for him, and to the Ministers for their leve and pains with him, was commended by us to the grace of God, saying, Thomas, the Lord be with you, the Lord of therey help you, and have compassion on you.

This morning he expressed himself to his friend H. B. thus, Oh my friend, we cannot tell how glorious a place heaven is, but if once I ger thither and could drop down a Letter to you and tell youlof the glorious things I there shall find, how would it rejoyce your heart? and to this friend parting with him, said, I know God loveth me, and that I am going to the Kingdom of heaven.

Treeds to have being any reaving the svorid that the state of the stat

once more there, and

The last Speech of Thomas Savage at the place of his wal Execution at Rescutiff has a mid this open in the place of his wal Execution at Rescutiff has a mid this open in the same and the

lawing now this will be

Gentlemen,

Ere I am come to dye a curied and ignominious Death, and I most justly deserve it, for I have Murthered a poor innocent Creature, and for ought I know, have not only Murthered her Body, but if God had no more mercy on her Soul, then I had of her Body, the is undone to all Eternicy; to that I deferve not only death from men, but demnation from God. I would have you all that look upon me take warning by me, the first fin I began with was Sabbath-breaking, thereby I got acquainted with bad Company, and fo we went to the Ale-house, from the Ale-houle to the Bawdy-houle, there I was perswaded to Rob my Mafter, as also to Murder this poor innocent Creature, for which I am come to this shameful end. I was drawn aside I say, by ill Company, pray rake heed of that, for it will not only bring your Bodies to the Grave, but your Souls to Hell; have a care of neglecting the Sabbaths, it is that which hath not only brought my body to the grave, but my foul in danger of eternal corments. And try the wayes of God, for the Lord be praised I have found to much of excellency and sweetness in Gods wayes, that I blefs God that ever I came into a Prison. And now though I am leaving this world, I know I shall go to a better place ; for I have repented from my foul for all my fins, not because I am to dye for them, bur to fee that I fhould do that

whereby I should deserve Hell ten thousand mane a cover, and I distribute God and to broad and and so some of the cover and I distribute the cover and I distribute the cover and the co

Non the Lord have mercy on my fent.

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The Prayer of Thomas Savage at the place of Execution.

Most merciful and for ever bleffed Lord God, I I befrech thee look down spon my poor immortal fout which now is taking its flight into another world, which now is ready to appear before thy bar . Lord I beseech thee prepare me for is, and receive my soul into the arms of thy mercy, and though my body dye, and I come to dye this hameful death, yet let my foul live with thee for ever. Lord pardon all the borrid Sins that I have committed, the Sabbath-breaking, Lying, Swearing, Curfing, Uncleannels, and all the reft of my Sins that ever I have committed ; Lord give me a new beart, and give me faith, that I may lay hold and throw my felf fully and wholly upon thee; inable me, O Lord, give me faving repentance that I may come to thy Bar, and thence be received into glary, let me not be a prey to Devils to all eternity, let not my font perilb, though my body dye, let my foul live, Lora let me not. be short out from thy presence, and let not all the Pray. ers; and Tears, and Counfels, and Infractions that bave been made and fred on my behalf, be in vain; pity my poor foul Lord, my immortal foul, Lo d, it would be fast with thee to cast me into everlasting burning. I have been a grea: finner, but Chrift is a great Saviour, O Lord then hast pardoned great Sinners, and then

canft dois bard, and Lord mileshow not do it & Lord la me not be a fire brand of bell, and a prey to devils to all eternity, let me not then be fout up with devils and damned fouls when my foul takes in flight into another world Lord I have repented for what I have done from the bottom of my beart I have repented, and Lord if thou would fe damen me thou would to be just, but how infiningly more want day be for the glory of the free macero fave Such a Simer as I am ; good Lord powr down thy (pirit non my loul. Otell me shat I have interest in Christ's blood, good Father, good Lord, before I go bence. Lord I am willing, I am willing to leave this world, I can prize thee above all, there is nothing I can prize like sather, will thou not receive my foul? receive it into thy arms, and fay, come thou ble fed of my Father, good Father for Telus Christ Cake pitty my poor fout. for pistyes face. Lord it is not my Prayers or lears will fave my foul, but if ever I am faved it maft be through free grace, and the blood of Christ, and if there be not enough in that blood . Lord I am willing to be dammed Lord look down upon my poor foul, and though I have been fuch a finner thou art able to pardon me and wash me, apply one drop of shy blood to my foul Lord. my immortal foul that is more worth than ten thou and worlds, it is true Lord, I confess i baye taken a great deal of pleasure in fin, I have run on in fin , and could not invent where to go on thy day, and was pont to ftmdy into what place, and into what company I might go upon the Sabbuth day : forgive me Lord, wash me, receive me into thy arms O lord . Ob for one glimps of mercy, Lord if then wilt please to reveal thy felf to me. I shall sell it to all that behold men it is a mercy Lord that I am not in hell, and that thou showest me the bittere ne fa of fin, before I come suco bett, it is a merce hordes this I have bad the prayers converse and infirmations of Se many of the Ministers and proples Lordings

my souls and smile Lord, one mord of comfort for Jesus sake, O let me not gaout of this world, let not my soul perish, though I killed a poor innocent creature, Lord deal not mithome as I deak with her, but pitty me, pitty me for Jesus Christ's sake, Amen.

One asked him in the Cart, well now Thomas, how is it with your foul, what sense have you of Gods love? He answered, Sir I thank God through infinite mercy, I find God loves me, and that now I can cheerfully go.

After his Cap was over his Eyes he nsed these Expressions

Lord Jesusteceive my Spiric.

Lord one smile.

Good Lord one word of comfort for Christ's sake, though Death make a separation between my soul and body, leanothing separate between thee and my soul to all eternity.

Good Lordhear me.

Good Father hear me.

O Lord Jefus receive my foul.

Whilst he did thus pathetically express himself to the people especially to God in prayer, there was a great moving upon the affections of those who stood by, and many tears were drawn from their eyes by his melting Speeches. All this was the more remarkable in this young man, being under fixteen years of age when he was first apprehended.

in the rate meatine of his sing he adecute the

After he was turned off the Cerr he strugged for a whife, heaving up his body, which a young man (his friend) seeing, to put him quickly out of his pain, fruck him wich all his might on the breaft feveral times together, then no motion was perceived in him. and hanging fome confiderable time after that, and as to all outward appearance dead, infomuch as one faid to snother friend of his namely Mr. B. now he is in Eternity, and the people beginning to move sway, the Sheriff commanded him to be cur down, and being received in the arms of some of his Friends, he was conveyed by them into a house not far diffant from the place of Execution, where being layed upon a Table, unto the affonishment of the beholders. he began to ftir and breath, and rattle in his throat. and it was evident his life was whole in him; from the Table he was carryed to a Bed in the fame house. where he breathed more firongly, and opened his eyes, and his mouth (chough his teeth were fer before) and offered to speak, but could not recover the use of his congue; but his reviving being known. within 4 hours the Officers came to the house where he was, and conveyed him to the place of Execution again, and hung him up again, until he was dead, whence he was carryed by his mourning friends to Islington, where he now fleepeth in the bed of his Grave, until the morning of the Refurrection from whence though buried in dishonour, he will then be reifed inglory.

That you have had the Relation of one that was but young in years but old in wickedness; you have read of his Sabbath breaking, Prophanels, Sweating, Lying, Scealing, Drunkenness, Fornication, and the like Sim, which he confessed himself frequently and seem guilty of, and to complete and fill up the meaning him Sins he added to the

self the fortid hit of Murder. I believe, you have fearcely heard of his grown up to such maturity in to thore a time, as it did in him, who whenhe was imprisoned was under fixteen years of age.

And what could any expect should be the issue and product of Sin arrived to such perfection, but Death, and wrath, and the vengeance of Eternal Fire?

But Behold here an instance of Free grace! His fins did abound, but Gods grace did super-abound. Sometimes God doth sow the seed of grace in the heart that is most unlikely to receive it; and reapeth Great Glory to his name by pardoning Great Sins.

We read that when Ephraim was bent upon wickedness, fo that a man could hardly expect the re-Arsining of God's anger any longer, but that it should kindle in his breaft, and break forth in a flame to devour a people so rebellious; yet the Lord expresseth bimself in a way of wonderful mercy, and astonishing free Grace, Hof. 11. 8. 9. How hall I give thee no O Ephraim ? how shall I make thee as Adman? how shall I set thee as Zeboim? psy beart is turned within me (not against Ephraim, but tovvards him) my energy (not mine anger) are kindled toget ber. I the not execute the fierceness of mine anger. And the reason is not drawn from anything in Ephraim to. move him, but only from himself, For I am God and If one man had been fo provoked by another, and it had layn in the power of his hand to have evenged himself upon his enemy, surely he would nor have spared or shown any favour; But because he is God and not man, who e thoughts are not like our thoughts, and whole mercyes are not like our mercyes, but further removed above them, than the Beavens are removed above the Earth; in comparison with whose mercyes, our most render mercyes are no leff; this cive on her ore because he is

God and norman, and herein would of like himfelf he hath bity and howeth favour unto Ephraim. Take another instance in Ifrael, who had made God to ferve with his lins, and weatied him with his iniquities, having preffed God herewith as a Carris preffed with theaves, and nothing but vengeance could rationally be expected, and that God thouldfay as at a. nother time (for God doth not thow fuch favour to all and at aff times, that the freeness of it wight be the more evident) Ab, I will eafe me of my Adverfaries, and avenge me on my Enemies; and I even I am he that will make fuch and acious sinners see and feel what an evil and fearful thing it is to affront and provoke me; yet read how gracioully God pardonerh If rack declaring the ground of it to be only for the glory of his own name, Ifa. 43.25. I even I am be that blotteth out thy transgressions for mine onn sake, and will not remember thy Sins.

Surely no motive from this young mans persons or any good previous disposition (he being so exceeding viriaced by fuch defiling Sins) could in the least cacline God to have mercy upon him; but the motive was taken from himfelf and his own bowels. He had mercy on him only bocause he would have mercy. and compation on him, because he would have comprinon. If fome, yes many are passed by, who have escaped the more gross pollutions which are in the world through luft, and never committed fuch Godprovoking fins, as you read in the Narrative that he committed; but for letter faults are punished everlaftingly, when God hath had mercy upon him, and thrown the skirt of his love over him, and wyrought a gracious change in him; we must fay with our Saviout Math. 11, 26. Even fo Father becanfe it fo feemed good in the fight! It is through free grace that any are faved; but in the falvation of fuch a one, God

hach demonstrated the exceeding riches of his grace

Let not any from this example of Gods free graces prefume to continue and indulge themfelves in winful course . hoping to obtain mercy at the last he hath done, and fo turn Gods glory into theme and his grace into wantonnels; for it is a rape example. hardly again to be parallel'd: will a man run hingfelf thorough the body, because some Hive been healed of fuch wounds? will a man de letter poyson, because some by an Antidote have expelled the poyfon and escaped with life? is not presumption the bane and ruine of millions of foules may not God cut you off in the act of fome of your fins, and not give you time for repentance? and if life doth continue, may not he deny you the grace of repentance? doth not custome and continuance in fin harden your heart and faften you in Sarans Chains? bath not God threatned that fuch who cry peace, peace to themselves though they walk after the immagination of their hearts to add drunkenness to thirft, That he will not spare them, but his anger and his jealousie shall smoke against themand that he will blor out their name from under heaven Dent, 29. 19. 20. A that do die meter hard

The great improvement which should be made of Gods gracious dealings with this young man, is for all to admire Gods free grace; and especially for poor diffressed Souls, that are upon the brink of hell in their own apprehensions, and are ready to dispair of Gods mercy, because of the greatness of their sine; to take encouragement from hence, and hopes that there may be mercy in store for them; they have not been Murderers, whatever their sines have been; and if a Murderer hath been received inso sevent, why may not

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they hope? Let hich think with themselves that it is free grace bath saved him; and fer them fun our saithe throne of grace for the same grace which is smely tended unto them.

A recollection out of this Narrative of those passing we do conclude; that the work of grace was really wrought in his loui; or the extenses of T. 8. of his Title to Evernal Mappines.

I I felf for them, afpecially as they were against a good and pracious God according to Phys 1, 4 and Luci 15.18.(24) He was deeply fenfible of and grieved for the corruption of his beart, from whence his alteral fine did proceed, according to Plasa sile He mourned over his back - flidings, because Gad was thereby dishonored. (4) he found it bard to believe, get professed be would roll him felf, and rely upon the merits of Christ a lone for falvation, andif be perished, be would perish there (5) He was much in a little time in days jet did profes be fam the insufficiency of them to infifie on (ave bim according to Phil. 2.9.(6) he made choice of Christ before all before life it (elf according to Philage 8.(7) be longed for morning when he was to die, becanfe be defired to be with Christ according to Philate 23. (8) be greatly loved God, because much was forein ven bim according to Luc. 7.47 and faid though God (hould damn him, yet be could and would love God (9) he loved the company of Gods people, and professed, in had rather be with Gods people in prifon, with brend and water than with the ungodly with liberty and greatest dainties, according to 1 Joh. 3 71 4. (10) be bleffed God; that ever he was taken and imprisoned thinking it better to be in chains and brought to die thants go an in

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fin. (11) be was most broken and melted for his find when those that came to visit him were gone from him, and not in their presence; when hypocrites mount before others, and are less affected when alone ; net this was Sometimes his trouble, least God should loofe the day of the work he had wrought in him. (This was observed one that was usually with him, when others went fre bim. (12) he meet for joy at that time, when he could not find that God loved him; that he was not curfing. and swearing, and sinuing against God, as others did, and be bimself formerly. (13) he found and tasted more sweetness in the ways of God, in praying and mourning for fir, than he ever found in the commission of fin. (14 the accounted fin to be wor for than hell. (15) he had a spirit of prayer given to him, so plentifully, that it was an aftenishment to many that joyned sometimes with bim, considering how ignorant be was a little before, according to Acts 9. II. for behold, he praterb. (16) be looked upon the loss of God, more than the corments of hell, and feared is more. (17) be prized beaven because there he should six no more. These were his own expressions, and mt a: we observed that were frequently with him : and, Reader, do then pray and watch that thou maif not be guiliy of this young man's fins, but pray and lobour that thou mightest obtain the like evidesces for beaven. 6 NO 63

